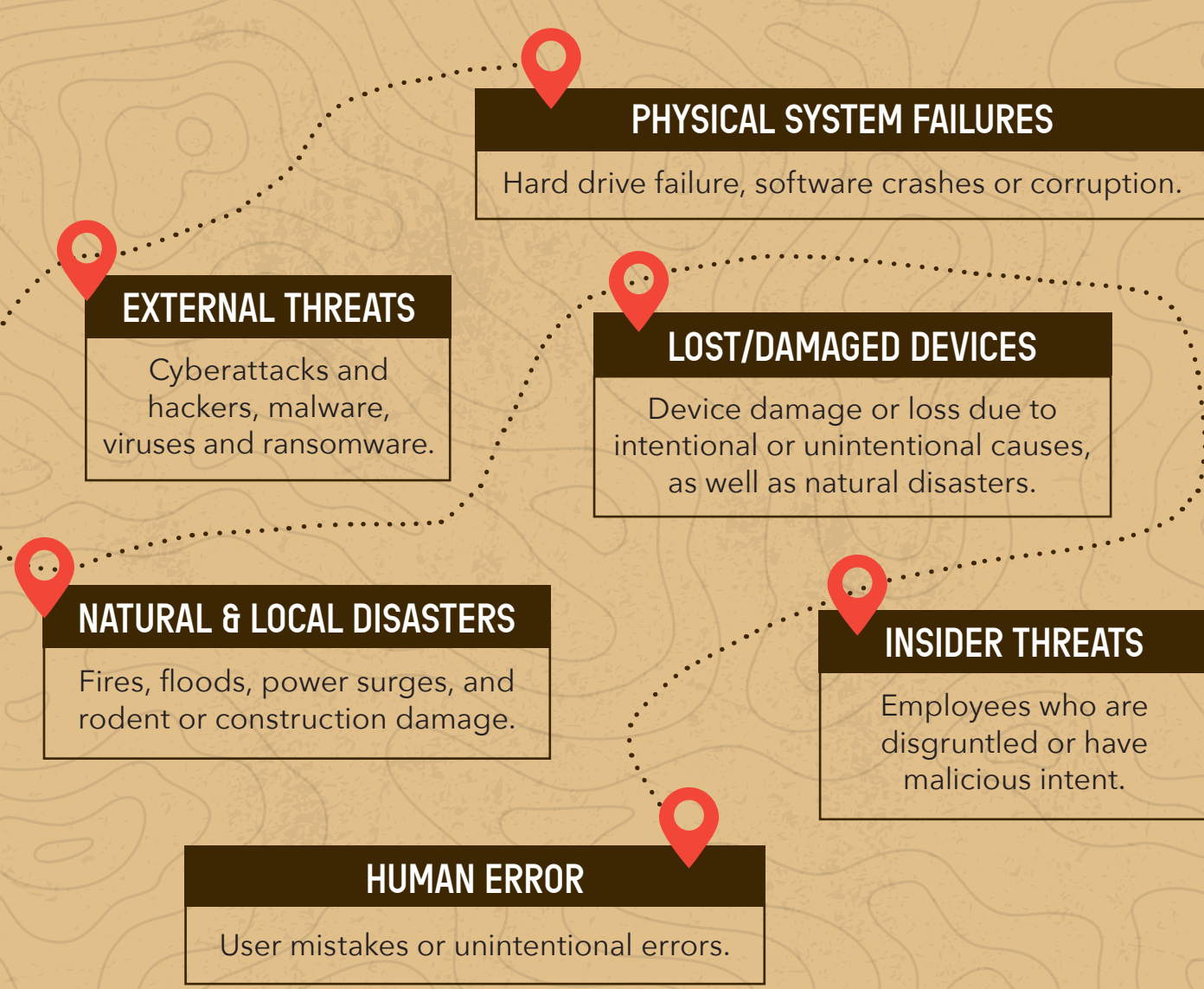# ReSTech SOLUTIONS

DATA BACKUP
SURVIVAL GUIDE
PROTECTING YOUR MOST VALUABLE ASSET

YOUR DATA IS HIGHLY VULNERABLE TO LOSS

As extraordinary and reliable technology has become over the years, it is by no means foolproof. Perhaps even scarier is the high probability that you could encounter any number of these various threats to your data at least once.

PHYSICAL SYSTEM FAILURES
Hard drive failure, software crashes or corruption.

EXTERNAL THREATS
Cyberattacks and hackers, malware, viruses and ransomware.

LOST/DAMAGED DEVICES
Device damage or loss due to intentional or unintentional causes, as well as natural disasters.

NATURAL & LOCAL DISASTERS
Fires, floods, power surges, and rodent or construction damage.

INSIDER THREATS
Employees who are disgruntled or have malicious intent.

HUMAN ERROR
User mistakes or unintentional errors.

WHAT DATA NEEDS BACKUP?

The simple answer is **ALL DATA.** Including all data and information assets in your backup process is a data protection best practice. Some data, if lost, may have a significant impact on your business, so it's crucial to identify all business-critical data by performing a risk and business impact assessment that includes the following questions:

Is the data personally identifiable, thereby requiring privacy?
Is the data sensitive or potentially harmful in any way?
Is the data irreplaceable or proprietary to the business?

HOW OFTEN DO I NEED TO BACK UP?

You'll want to configure your backups to fit your specific business. A good way to start is by automating a daily backup of all the activities or transactions that take place each day. In addition, you should configure a minimum of one full image backup of all systems once every week.

WHAT BACKUP TYPES SHOULD I INCLUDE?

There are three main types of backup approaches you should include as part of your backup and disaster recovery plans.

FULL BACKUPS
The entire data set, regardless of any previous backups or circumstances.

DIFFERENTIAL BACKUPS
Any additions or alterations to the data set after the most recent full backup.

INCREMENTAL BACKUPS
Only additions or changes taken place after the last/ most recent incremental backup.

WHERE SHOULD MY BACKUPS BE STORED?

The **3-2-1 backup method** is a best practice for protecting your data.

3
Generate 3 independent copies of your data.

2
Store copies using at least 2 separate media storage types.

1
Keep 1 or more copies in an off-site location, like the cloud.

TEST YOUR BACKUPS REGULARLY

Check and test all your backups at least once per quarter. This frequency will likely increase if your business has very high data entry change rates or large quantities of data assets.

✓ Regular testing is the only way to monitor the success rates of backups and verify your data's integrity.

✓ Check your backups routinely for proper configuration and automation rules, especially if you are growing rapidly or have a high turnover.

✓ Testing ensures your business has the proper tools and right infrastructure needed to store and recover its critical data during and after any situation.

REGULAR TESTING IS INSURANCE FOR YOUR BACKUPS

Data is the lifeblood of your business and one of the most valuable assets you can acquire and possess. Proactive prevention is always better and less costly than a cure.

Make routine testing a standard process of your backup and disaster recovery strategy because it protects your data, your reputation and your long-term business success.

If you need support implementing a comprehensive data backup and protection solution or want to ensure your current solution is up to the task, we can help.

CONTACT US TODAY TO SCHEDULE A CONSULTATION.

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